

CHAPTER VI: VIA LATINA

- 1 **multus, -a, -um**, much; many. **via, -ae f.** road, way; journey.
- 3 **inter prep.** + *acc.* between; among.
- 7 **oppidum, -ī n.** town.
- 8 **ubi interrog.** where? **prope prep.** + *acc.* near. **quoque adv.** also, too.
- 10 **procul adv.** far away, at a distance. **ab prep.** + *abl.* from. **longus, -a, -um**, long.
- 11 **tam . . . quam**, as . . . as. **quam interrog.** how?
- 12 **neque adv.** and not, nor.
- 13 **Tiberis, -is m.** Tiber river. **fluvius, -ī m.** river. **Padus, -ī m.** Po river.
- 14 **circum prep.** + *acc.* around. **mūrus, -ī m.** wall.
- 15 **antīquus, -a, -um**, old, ancient. **duodecim**, twelve. **porta, -ae f.** gate.
- 16 **prīmus, -a, -um**, first. **Rōmānus, -a, -um**, Roman.
- 18 **vīlla, -ae f.** country house.
- 19 **ad prep.** + *acc.* to, toward. **ecce adv.** behold. **quattuor**, four.
- 20 **servus, -ī m.** slave. **suus, -a, -um**, his, hers, its, there. **it:** "goes" (from *eō, ire, īvī*, to go). **dominus, ī m.** master, lord.
- 21 **eunt:** "they go" (from *eō, ire, īvī*, to go). **lectīca, -ae f.** litter.
- 22 **duo, duae, duo**, two. **portō, -āre, -āvī**, to carry.
- 23 **quī, quae, quod**, who, which.
- 24 **ambulō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum**, to walk. **eum:** "him" (from *is, ea, id*).
- 25 **saccus, -ī m.** sack, bag.
- 26 **umerus, -ī m.** shoulder.
- 27 **quōs:** accusative plural of *quī* (the direct object of *portant*).
- 28 **quem:** accusative singular of *quī* (the direct object of *portat*).
- 30 **vehō, -ere, vēxī, vectum**, to carry.
- 32 **ante prep.** + *acc.* before, in front of. **post prep.** + *acc.* behind, in back of.
- 33 **veniō, -īre, vēnī, ventum**, to come.
- 34 **unde**, from where, whence.
- 35 **quō**, where, whither.
- 37 **sōlus, -a, -um**, alone. **nam conj** for. **apud prep.** + *acc.* with, around, next to.
- 39 **īrātus, -a, -um**, angry. **timeō, -ēre, -uī**, to fear. **malus, -a, -um**, bad, evil, wicked.
- nummus, -ī m.** coin.
- 40 **habeō, -ēre, -uī**, to have. **baculus, -ī m.** staff, stick. Here an ablative of means.
- 41 **verberō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum**, to beat. **itaque conj.** and so.
- 42 **eius:** his, hers, its. **bonus, -a, -um**, good. **is:** "he" (from *is, ea, id*).
- 43 **amō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum**, to love. **amicus, -ī m.** friend.

- 44 **inimīcus, ī m.** enemy.
- 45 **autem conj.** however.
- 46 **absum, abesse, afuī,** to be absent, be away. **-ne:** an enclitic, attached to the end of the first word of a sentence or clause, indicating a question.
- 47 **Tūsculī . . . Rōmae:** “in Tusculum” “in Rome”. The locative case, found only with town, cities, small islands, and a few nouns.
- 49 **Tūsculō:** “from Tusculum”. With towns, cities, and small islands, motion from is expressed by the ablative alone, without preposition.
- 50 **Rōmam:** “to Rome”. With towns, cities, and small islands, motion toward is expressed by the accusative alone, without preposition.
- 51 **etiam adv.** also; even. **inter prep. + acc.** between; among.
- 52 **unde,** from where, whence.
- 54 **quō,** where, whither.
- 56 **equus, -ī m.** horse.
- 57 **vehō, -ere, vēxī, vectum,** to carry. **pulcher, pulchra, pulchrum,** beautiful; handsome.
- 58 **prope prep. + acc.** near.
- 60 **iam adv.** now.
- 61 **fessus, -a, -um,** tired, worn out. **nam conj** for.
- 62 **ab Ursō:** “by Urso”. Ablative of personal agent (used to show the actor in a passive construction). **portātur:** “is carried” (passive voice). **itaque conj.** and so.
- 63 **umerīs:** “with their shoulders”. An ablative of means. **vacuus, -a, -um,** empty.
- 64 **ā Syrō et Lēandrō:** “by Syrus and Leander”. Ablative of personal agent (used to show the actor in a passive construction). **portantur:** “are carried” (passive voice).
- 66 **tam . . . quam,** as . . . as.
- 73 **īrātus, -a, -um,** angry. **timeō, -ēre, -uī,** to fear. **procul adv.** far away, at a distance.
- 74 **ā servō malō:** an ablative of personal agent.
- 75 **murus, -ī m.** wall. **viā Lātinā:** “by the Latin Road” (an ablative of route).
- 76 **veniō, -īre, vēnī, ventum,** to come, arrive. **intrō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum,** to enter.
- 77 **quia conj.** because. **habitō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum,** to live.
- 79 **vocō, -are, -āvī, -ātum,** to call.
- 80 **probus, -a, -um,** good, proper.
- 81 **laetus, -a, -um,** happy. **cantō, -are, -āvī, -ātum,** to sing.
- 82 **audiō, -īre, -īvī, -ītum,** to hear.
- 84 **līberī, -ōrum m.** children.
- 85 **salūtō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum,** to greet, salute.
- 86 **ōstium, -ī n.** door; opening. **pulsō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum,** to strike; knock on.
- 87 **imperō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum,** to order.

- 88 **per** *prep.* + *acc.* through, by.
- 89 **meus, -a, -um**, my, mine. **tuus, -a, -um**, your. **sōlus, -a, -um**, alone; sole. **Rōmam**: “to Rome”. With towns, cities, and small islands, motion toward is expressed by the accusative alone, without preposition.
- 91 **verbīs**: ablative of means. **dēlectō, -āre, -āvī, -ātum**, to delight, be pleased. **eum**: accusative (direct object) of *is*.
- 93 **apud** *prep.* + *acc.* with, around, next to.
- 94 **ā Lydiā laetā**: ablative of personal agent with passive verb.